

SAFETY DATA SHEET

115

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Use(s)

Product name MEDICAL OXYGEN, COMPRESSED

Synonym(s)115 - SDS NUMBER • AVIATOR'S DRY BREATHING OXYGEN • MEDICAL DRY BREATHING OXYGEN •
MEDICAL OXYGEN EP GRADE • OXYGEN DRY BREATHING AVIATION DOD DEF (AUST) 9011 •
OXYGEN, COMPRESSED - MEDICAL GRADE (FORMERLY) • PRODUCT CODES: 225, 400, 420, 430

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

AVIATION RESPIRATION • HYPERBARIC APPLICATIONS • MEDICAL APPLICATIONS • RESPIRATION THERAPY

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name BOC LIMITED (AUSTRALIA)

Address10 Julius Avenue, North Ryde, NSW, 2113, AUSTRALIATelephone131 262, (02) 8874 4400

Fax 132 427 (24 hours)

Website http://www.boc.com.au

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 653 572 (24/7) (Australia only)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Oxidizing Gases: Category 1 Gases Under Pressure: Compressed gas

- 2.2 Label elements
- Signal word

DANGER

Pictogram(s)



Hazard statement(s)			
H270	May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer.		
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.		
Prevention statement(s	5)		
P220	Keep/Store away from clothing/incompatible materials/combustible materials.		
P244	Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil.		
Response statement(s)			
P370 + P376	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.		
Storage statement(s)			
P410 + P403	Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.		

Disposal statement(s)

None allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content (v/v)
OXYGEN	7782-44-7	231-956-9	>99.5%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

EyeAdverse effects not expected from this product.InhalationNone required. In the event of over exposure, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if
not breathing.SkinAdverse effects not expected from this product.IngestionDue to product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.First aid facilitiesNo information provided.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Continuous inhalation of concentrations higher than 75% may cause nausea, dizziness, respiratory difficulty and convulsion.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment for hyperoxia.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use water fog to cool containers from protected area.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable - oxidising agent. Supports combustion and may cause fire/explosion in contact with incompatible substances, strong acids, reducing agents, combustibles and flammables. Materials which burn in air, will burn more vigorously in oxygen enriched atmospheres.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Temperatures in a fire may cause cylinders to rupture and internal pressure relief devices to be activated. Cool cylinders or containers exposed to fire by applying water from a protected location. Do not approach cylinders or containers suspected of being hot. Remove cool cylinders from the path of the fire if safe to do so. Ensure working area is well ventilated before re-use. Notify the manufacturer that you will be returning a faulty cylinder. Residual product will be disposed of when the cylinder is returned.

5.4 Hazchem code

2S

- 2 Fine Water Spray.
- S Risk of violent reaction or explosion. Wear full fire kit and breathing apparatus. Dilute spill and run-off.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

If the cylinder is leaking, evacuate area of personnel. Inform manufacturer/supplier of leak. Use Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in Section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.



6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Carefully move material to a well ventilated remote area, then allow to discharge if safe to do so. Do not attempt to repair leaking valve or cylinder safety devices.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Use only as prescribed. Only experienced and properly trained people should use this product or under the supervision of a medical practitioner. Do not drag, drop, slide or roll cylinders. The uncontrolled release of a gas under pressure may cause physical harm. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store near sources of ignition or incompatible materials. Cylinders should be stored below 45°C in a secure area, upright and restrained to prevent cylinders from falling. Cylinders should also be stored in a dry, well ventilated area constructed of non-combustible material with firm level floor (preferably concrete), away from areas of heavy traffic and emergency exits.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls No special precautions are normally required when handling this product.

PPE

Eye / Face	Wear safety glasses.
Hands	Wear leather gloves.
Body	Wear safety boots.
Respiratory	Not required under normal conditions of use.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	COLOURLESS GAS
Odour	ODOURLESS
Flammability	NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point	NOT RELEVANT
Boiling point	-183°C
Melting point	NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation rate	NOT APPLICABLE
рН	NOT APPLICABLE
Vapour density	NOT AVAILABLE
Specific gravity	NOT APPLICABLE
Solubility (water)	0.032 cm ³ /cm ³
Vapour pressure	NOT AVAILABLE
	NOT RELEVANT

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Upper explosion limit	
Lower explosion limit	NOT RELEVANT
Partition coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE
Autoignition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Decomposition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE
Explosive properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Oxidising properties	OXIDISING GAS
Odour threshold	NOT AVAILABLE
9.2 Other information	
% Volatiles	100 %
Critical pressure	5,043 kPa
Critical temperature	-118.6°C
Cylinder pressure (when full)	16,300 - 25,000 kPa @ 15°C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Unreactive under normal conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Combustible materials such as oil and grease can spontaneously ignite at low temperatures in oxygen enriched atmospheres. Materials which burn in air, will burn more vigorously in oxygen enriched atmospheres. Many other materials which do not burn in air will vigorously burn in pure oxygen. Metals can be ignited and will continue to burn in pure oxygen atmospheres under specific conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

This material will not decompose to form hazardous products other than that already present.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Information available for the product: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Skin	Not classified as a skin irritant.
Eye	Not classified as an eye irritant.
Sensitization	Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.
Mutagenicity	Not classified as a mutagen.
Carcinogenicity	Not classified as a carcinogen.
Reproductive	Not classified as a reproductive toxin.
STOT – single exposure	Not classified as causing organ damage from single exposure.
STOT – repeated exposure	Continuous inhalation of concentrations higher than 75% may cause nausea, dizziness, respiratory difficulty and convulsion.
Aspiration	Not classified as causing aspiration.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION



12.1 Toxicity

No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposalCylinders should be returned to the manufacturer or supplier for disposal of contents.LegislationDispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	1072	1072	1072
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED
14.3 Transport hazard classes	2.2, 5.1	2.2, 5.1	2.2, 5.1
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.5 Environmental ha	zards No information provided		1

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code	2S
GTEPG	2C6
EMS	F-C, S-W
Other information	Ensure cylinder is separated from driver and foodstuffs. Refer to Commonwealth, State and Territory Dangerous Goods Legislation which contain requirements which affect gas storage and transport.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule		A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).		
Classifications	Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.			
		sifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous ces [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].		
Hazard codes	0	Oxidising		

Risk phrases	R8	Contact with combustible material may cause fire.
Safety phrases	S2 S17	Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from combustible material.
Inventory listing(s)	AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.	

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information	The storage of significant quantities of gas cylinders must comply with AS4332 The storage and handling of gases in cylinders.		
		N METHOD: Gas regulator of suitable pressure and flow rating fitted to cylinder or low pressure gas distribution to equipment.	
	The recomm only. Factors concentration	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES: endation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide s such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection rotective equipment is made.	
	It should be including: free equipment us which would	FECTS FROM EXPOSURE: noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors quency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective sed and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and methods where appropriate.	
Abbreviations	ACGIH CAS #	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds	
	CNS	Central Nervous System	
	EC No.	EC No - European Community Number	
	EMS	Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods)	
	GHS	Globally Harmonized System	
	GTEPG	Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide	
	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	
	LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration	
	LD50	Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose	
	mg/m³	Milligrams per Cubic Metre	
	OĔL	Occupational Exposure Limit	
	рН	relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).	
	ppm	Parts Per Million	
	STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit	
	STOT-RE	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	
	STOT-SE	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	
	SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons	
	SWA	Safe Work Australia	
	TLV	Threshold Limit Value	
	TWA	Time Weighted Average	
Report status		nt has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').	
	It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.		
	not provide a no liability fo	as taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts r any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or ny person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.	

Prepared by

Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711 Fax: +61 8 9322 1794 Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmt.com.au.

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